

A Web that Empowers All People

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Outline

- History
- Vision
- Challenge
- World Wide Web Foundation
 - Web for Development
 - Web Science
 - Web Standards
- The Future



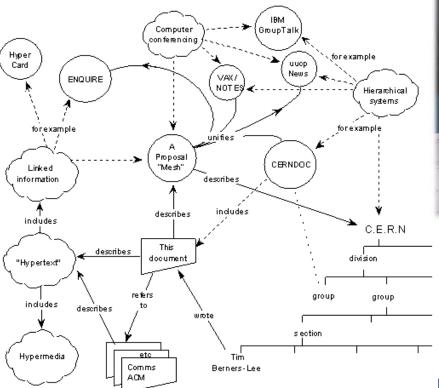
History:
The Web is
Changing
the World



1989: The Web is Born – Killer App for the Internet

'Information Management: A Proposal"

By Tim Berners-Lee, March 1989







http://www.w3.org/History/1989/proposal.html



1.5 Billion Served (by language)

Top Ten Languages Used in the Web

(Number of Internet Users by Language)

TOP TEN LANGUAGES IN THE INTERNET	% of all Internet Users	Internet Users by Language	Internet Penetration by Language	Language Growth in Internet (2000 - 2008)	2008 Estimated World Population for the Language
<u>English</u>	29.4 %	430,802,172	21.1 %	203.5 %	2,039,114,892
<u>Chinese</u>	18.9 %	276,216,713	20.2 %	755.1 %	1,365,053,177
<u>Spanish</u>	8.5 %	124,714,378	27.6 %	405.3 %	451,910,690
<u>Japanese</u>	6.4 %	94,000,000	73.8 %	99.7 %	127,288,419
<u>French</u>	4.7 %	68,152,447	16.6 %	458.7 %	410,498,144
<u>German</u>	4.2 %	61,213,160	63.5 %	121.0 %	96,402,649
<u>Arabic</u>	4.1 %	59,853,630	16.8 %	2,063.7 %	357,271,398
<u>Portuguese</u>	4.0 %	58,180,960	24.3 %	668.0 %	239,646,701
<u>Korean</u>	2.4 %	34,820,000	47.9 %	82.9 %	72,711,933
<u>Italian</u>	2.4 %	34,708,144	59.7 %	162.9 %	58,175,843
TOP 10 LANGUAGES	84.9 %	1,242,661,604	23.8 %	278.3 %	5,218,073,846
Rest of the Languages	15.1 %	220,970,757	15.2 %	580.4 %	1,458,046,442
WORLD TOTAL	100.0 %	1,463,632,361	21.9 %	305.5 %	6,676,120,288

(*) NOTES: (1) Internet Top Ten Languages Usage Stats were updated for June 30, 2008. (2) Internet Penetration is the ratio between the sum of Internet users speaking a language and the total population estimate that speaks that specific language. (3) The most recent Internet usage information comes from data published by

Nielsen//NetRatings, International Telecommunications Union, Computer Industry Almanac, and other reliable sources. (4) World population information comes from the U.S.

Census Bureau . (5) For definitions and navigation help in several languages, see the Site Surfing Guide. (6) Stats may be cited, stating the source and establishing an active link back to Internet World Stats. Copyright © 2008, Miniwatts Marketing Group. All rights reserved worldwide.



Number of Public Web Pages

1990: 1

1998: 26 million (~26,000,000)

2008: >1 trillion (~1,000,000,000,000)

... more than the number of neurons in the human brain

public pages, http://googleblog.blogspot.com/2008/07/we-knew-web-was-big.html



The Web Has Changed the [Developed] World

The Web has changed ...

- ... the way we connect to people, to information, to services
- ... the way we communicate, buy, sell, learn, meet, work, govern, prevent, cure, move, create, consume, understand
- ... the balance of power from centralized to decentralized, by fostering individual creation and consumption of information and services.



Vision



"The social value of the Web is that it enables human communication, commerce, and opportunities to share knowledge [and] to make these benefits available to all people, whatever their hardware, software,

network infrastructure, native language, culture, geographical location, or physical or mental ability."

Sir Tim Berners-Lee, inventor of the World Wide Web Worldwide Participation in the World Wide Web Consortium



Challenge



State of the Web for the Developing World?

- Similar to the Web in the developed world ...
 - ... but in the mid 1990s
 - Base of billions of under-served people
 - Huge potential for value
 - Huge base of potential content providers, including entrepreneurs, NGO, governments, individuals
- But many challenges exist ...



Challenge: Limited Usability and Usefulness

- Reach of the Internet is increasing
 - Mobile phones: 4 billion and growing
- Less than 25% of world's people are accessing the Web
 - Smaller percentage are creating content
- Life-critical services on the Web are rare, especially for those who need them most



Challenge: Limited Usability and Usefulness

- Barriers to creating and consuming content:
 - Low computer literacy
 - Low language literacy
 - Literacy in languages not well supported on the Web
 - Physical and cognitive disabilities
 - Cost



Challenge: Technology and Policy Threats

- Creative, robust evolution of the Web is impeded
 - Incomplete knowledge of this humanity-tech system
 - Knowledge is important to improving the Web
- The Web as a single, universal medium for the sharing of information, is threatened
 - Censorship
 - Insecurity
 - Trustworthiness
 - Uninformed policies
 - Incompatible and proprietary technologies



The World Wide Web Foundation



Announcing the creation of the World Wide Web Foundation

 \$5 million seed grant from John S. and James L. Knight Foundation

> Awarded on 14 Sep 2008 by Knight President Alberto Ibargüen to Web Foundation founder Tim Berners-Lee (right) (press release)

- 5 yrs funding for operations, raising program funds and creating an endowment
- Operational launch of the Web Foundation planned for 2009



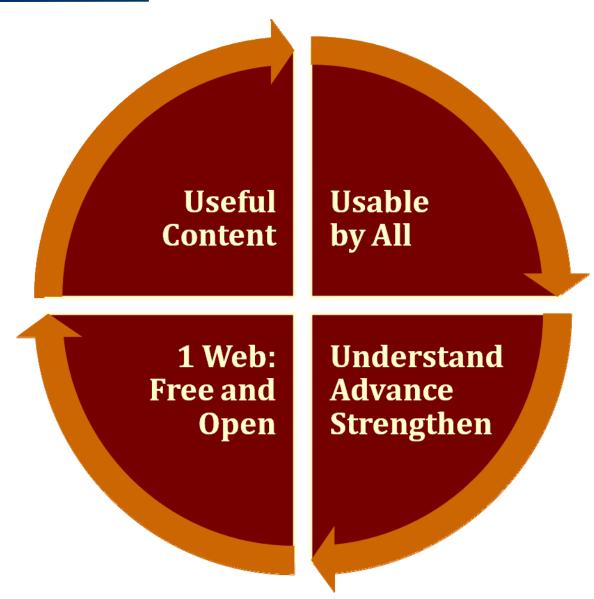


The Mission of the World Wide Web Foundation:

- Advance the Web.
- Connect Humanity.
- Empower People.



4 Objectives to Engage Challenges





2 Types of Programs

- Until now, there has been no **coordinated effort** to address the full range of challenges and opportunities for the Web.
- The Foundation will fill this gap with programs that enable local action and impact that scale to affect change on a global level.



- Focused
- •Bottom-up

Big pictureTop-down



Web Leadership Programs



Web Leadership Programs

Top-down / Big picture

- Web Science, to understand the Web and explore new concepts
- Web Standards, toward One Web that works for all people
- Consider challenges such as censorship, uninformed policies, incompatible and proprietary technologies, etc.
- Plan future Web in Society programs
- "Web Index"





Web Leadership Programs: Support of Web Science

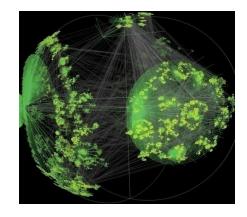
Goals

- Understand how the Web works
- Technical and non-technical issues
- Take the Web to new levels

Computer Science Computability De-centralised Information Systems Semantic Web Web Mathematics Process Calculus. Theory of Graphs Engineering Artificial **Economics** Networks Theory of Markets Protocols. Statistics Intelligence Architectures Macro and Micro economics Game Theory... Accessibility .. Auction models Knowledge Representation Security Types of capital. Languages Inference Law Bayesian Methods Psychology Agent Based Computing. Intellectual Property EU/regulatory drivers ublic engage vs indifferent Cognitive properties Socio-cultural Corporate social luman Information Processing ines, attitudes and lifestyles: fast Experimental Methods: trends Anti-corporate Biology 'Open source' values Sociology New trust matrix: NGOs Evolutionary dynamics Media Ethical consumers Systems biology Fragmented public Theory of groups media and discourse Social networks Single issue moral Plume Tracing, Ecology panics Smart mobs Structure of ecosystems Mobile opinion formers Journalist integrity **Ecosystem Productivity** Population Dynamics Digital Biosphere...

Activities. Fund:

- Overall coordination
- Advocacy
- Global expansion
- Web science curricula
- Conferences
- Connection to Standards
- Research to support
 Web in Society programs





Web Leadership Programs: Support of Web Standards

Goals

- There is One Web ... and it works
- Web expands in a robust manner
- Web remains free and open for all



Activities. Fund:

- Conferences and workshops
- Education and outreach
- Increased global participation
- Connection to Web Science
- Deployment to support
 Web in Society
- Uncovered gaps



W3C WORLD WIDE WEB Standards that Make the Web Work

- Founded in 1994 by
 Tim Berners-Lee
 - inventor of the Web (current W3C Director)
 - Fair and effective process
- Royalty-free patent policy
- Global focus
- 400 Member organizations
- Tens of thousand participating





Delivering Web Content to Mobile Phones

10 ways to mobilize

- Design for One Web
- Rely on Web standards
- Stay away from known hazards
- **Be cautious** of device limitations
- Optimize navigation
- Check graphics & colors
- Reep it small
- Vse the network sparingly
- - 👫 Think of users on the go





Leading the Web to Its Full Potenti

Activities | Technical Reports | Site Index | New Visitors | Abo W3C

The World Wide Web Consortium (<u>W3C</u>) develops interoperable technologies (specifications, guidelines, potential. W3C is a forum for information, commerce, communication, and collective understanding. On this technologies and ways to get involved. New visitors can find help in *Finding Your Way at W3C*. We encould about W3C Membership.

Validator Donation Program

Make a donation or become a sponsor of the W3C Validator.

W3C Supporters

Help W3C by making a donation through the W3C Supporters Program

Employment

W3C is seeking a <u>Managing</u> <u>Director</u>.

Current W3C Fellows Program openings are Business and Technology Communications Specialist; Software Engineer.

W3C A to Z

News

Improving Access to Government through Better Use of the Web: First Public Draft

2009-03-10: The eGovernment Interest Group has published the First Public Working Draft of Improving Access to Government through Better Use of the Web. The term "eGovernment" refers to the use of the Web or other information technologies by governing bodies (local, state, federal, multi-national) to interact with their citizenry, between departments and divisions, and between governments themselves. Recognizing that governments throughout the World need



Standards and Technology (NIST)

NIST

National Institute of Standards and Technology Technology Administration

NIST, a world-class research and technology laboratory within the LLS



Web In Society Programs



First Web in Society Program: Web for Development

 Focus on under-served populations at the tipping point

Achieve measurable impact





First Web in Society Program: Web for Development

Accelerate the number of:

- People who can create content
- Web sites and applications providing useful content
 - Health care/nutrition
 - Education
 - Government services
 - Commerce
- Web sites that are accessible and usable by people on mobile phones and other devices
- Web-connected and empowered people





Internet Users and Mobile Phone Owners in Africa

(2008 Sep/Oct) *Africa Report*

Mobile phone density and top ten countries in internet use 1,722,000 17% TUNISIA MOROCCO 7,300,000 **ALGERIA** 20% 8,620,000 3,500,000 LIBYA Internet 10% 10% **Users** NIGER MAURITANIA CHAD MALI SUDAN 10,000,000 GAMBIA 1.500,000 DJIBOUTI **GUINEA BISSAU 7**% IVORY GHANA **ETHIOPIA** CENTRAL AFRICAN LIBERIA TOGO CAMEROON SOMALIA BENIN EQUAT. GUINEA 2,770,000 DEM. REP. CONGO 8% Mobile phones TANZANIA (per 100 population) 3% IOMOROS ANGOLA 80 ZAMBIA 60 Average for Africa 27.48% 20 NAMIBIA 11% MADAGASCAR BOTSWANA SWAZILAND Total Number of Internet Users LESOTHO Total internet users 50.406.400

12%



Web for Development Projects Break Barriers, Accelerate Opportunities

Community Building

- Convening groups of thought leaders, developers, users ...
- Social networking (wikis, blogs, twitter, fora...)
- Annual event and prize for the Innovative mobile Web applications
- Travel and study fellowships

Science

Field research on mobile Web usage

Standards

- Web for people with low reading skills
- Web for people with little experience
- Web serving under-served languages



Tools

- Software and tools to develop, deploy and access Mobile Web content
- Open-source community software development projects

Training

- Training on mobile Web technologies for IT sector, NGOs, entrepreneurs...
- Curriculum and Degree at Universities

Deployment

- Pilot projects
- Full-scale projects

Detailed plans and budgets available on request



Conclusion



- The Web Foundation about ready to launch
- Mission = globally unique, critically important
- Resources = experienced and world-class
- Impact = significant, scalable, multiplicative
- There is now a unique opportunity to become a founding partner, and work with the Web Foundation to advance the Web, connect humanity and empower people



Thank You

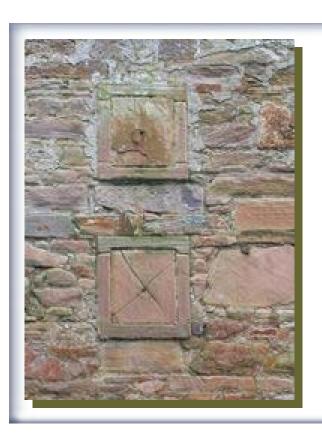
For more information: steve@webfoundation.org http://webfoundation.org/



Extra Slides



1980s+: Internet Service Providers Offered Controlled Information Access



- Valuable attempt to make the Internet useful to people, but...
- Proprietary solutions
- Lack of Interoperability
- Users stuck in the "walled garden"





Prodigy Communications, L.P.



Numbers (2008)

Web pages: ~1,000,000,000,000

World population: ~6,700,000,000

Internet/Web users: ~1,500,000,000

Mobile subscribers: ~4,000,000,000

Living on \$1.25/day or less: ~1,400,000,000

<u>Under-nurished</u>: ~920,000,000

Illiterate: ~900,000,000

Etc., Etc., Etc.



Imagine a World in Which All People Can ...

- communicate with each other on the Web
- author and access the Web's resources
- regardless of:
 - language
 - ability
 - location
 - gender
 - income ...





Imagine a World in Which All People Are ...

- empowered by the Web ...
- through new opportunities for
 - creativity
 - collaboration
 - commerce





Imagine a World in Which the Web ...

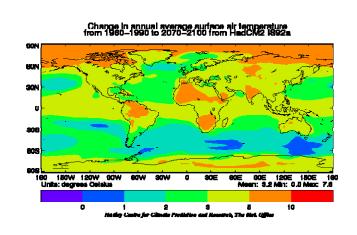
- is of increasing value by offering
 - all human knowledge
 - all languages
- poses fewer risks
 - security
 - privacy
 - trust





Imagine a World in Which the Web ...

- plays an increasingly vital role in:
 - reducing poverty and conflict
 - providing healthcare and education
 - reversing global warming
 - spreading good governance
 - addressing other grand challenges









Leadership and Structure

Leadership

- Tim Berners-Lee, Founder
- Steve Bratt, CEO

Governance

- Main Operating Board
- Development Board
- Visionary Board

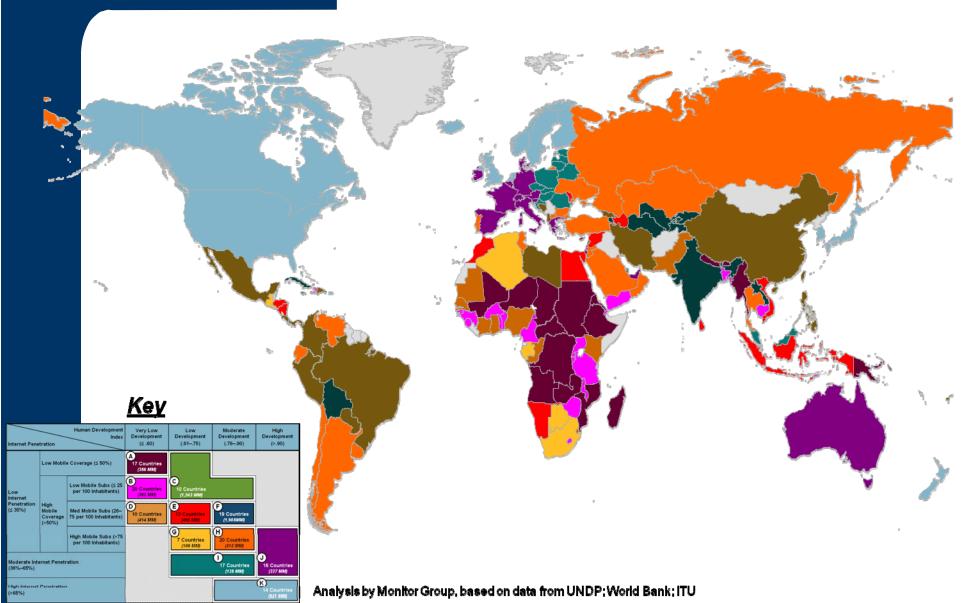


Organizational Structure

- Geneva, Switzerland HQ
- "Friend's of" Foundations initially in US and UK



Plotting the Segments Around the Globe





~ 4 Billion Mobile Phones Many in Developing Countries

The Foundation's Web for Development Program will, in part, put into action concepts and plans developed by the:

W3C Mobile Web for Social Development Interest Group

Workshops:

- -Bangalore December 2006
- -Sao Paulo June 2008
- -Mozambique April 2009

Stories that give hope



- How mobile phones helped a fishing community in India
- Impact of mobile phones on grain markets in Niger
- Text messages empowering poor farmers
- More stories and resources:
- -http://www.w3.org/2008/MW4D/wiki/



The Web Index Measure Foundation's Effectiveness

- Composite "Web Index"
 - Development of and continual reporting on a composite measure which reflects the Web Foundation's impact on connecting and empowering people
- Measures which could contribute to the Web Index:
 - Number of people providing content to and consuming content over the Web
 - Number Web sites and applications
 - Volume of data; orgs providing data; types of things you can do on the Web
 - Number of people leveraging Foundation resources (tool, guidelines, studies)
 - How much of human knowledge is represented on the Web
 - Expansion of global freedom to create and consume content
 - Expansion of free, open, robust and safe Web technologies
 - Number of Web science programs and experts, and volume of research
 - Amount of commerce vs. amount of crime
- Indirect effects from connecting and empowering people
 - Increase access and better use of critical information and services
 - Increased communication, creativity, commerce => empowerment



The Web Foundation Is Uniquely Capable of Achieving its Mission

- **Credibility:** The Foundation is being created by
 - Sir Tim Berners-Lee: the inventor of the Web
 - Knight Foundation: providing a \$5 million / 5 year seed grant
 - World Wide Web Consortium (W3C)
 - Web Science Research Institute (WSRI)
 - Will convene global leaders and innovators

Global Network of Technical Expertise

- W3C's members include the world's leading tech organizations, with a large public community
- WSRI and the Web Science community is a growing rapidly
- Will expand this community to address challenges



4 Objectives to Engage Challenges

- Accelerate number of Web content creators
- Increase availability of lifecritical services

Useful Content Enable everyone to access and benefit from the Web – regardless of culture, language, literacy, disability, economic status or devices

Usable by All

1 Web: Free and Open Understand Advance Strengthen

- Same content , available to all
- Core technologies are developed openly, and available at no cost
- Communication, creativity, commerce expand on top of free / open Web

Understand the humansystem dynamics of the Web

R&D new technologies – advance the Web

Support stable evolution



Future of Web Technologies

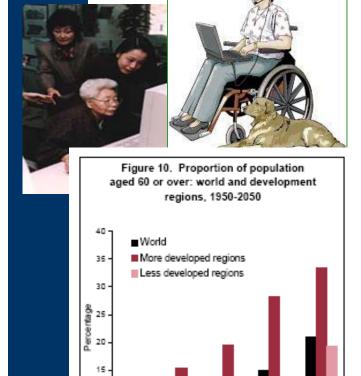


Expanding from a Web of linked documents,

to One Web:

- of creators and consumers
- of Linked Data
- on Everything
- for Everyone
- Improving w/ time





More developed regions have relatively high proportions of older persons

1975

2000

2025

2050

Accessibility for People with Disabilities and Our Aging Population

- Barriers for millions with disabilities
- Aging population = more disabilities
- Often mandated
- Huge carry-over benefits
 Developing a Web Accessibility Business Case
- Web Accessibility Initiative @ W3C
 - New Web Content Accessibility Guidelines 2.0



Prioritizing Challenges and Foundation's Response

By looking at people around the globe based on their level of human and ICT development, we are able to identify and prioritize the types of interventions with the greatest potential impact

Usable by All People
Useful Content and Services

