

Security for access to device APIs

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WAFERs: Overview



- » An application model for HTML + JavaScript content
 - » Requires no changes to an existing HTML document
 - » Only difference is how they are launched
- » Supports multiple simultaneous applications
 - » Foreground and background applications
 - » Independent browsing contexts
- » Main features:
 - » Support for visible applications (UI applications)
 - » Support for invisible applications (services)
 - » Applications can overlap on screen (and do by default)
 - » Enables consistent event delivery across multiple apps
 - » Applications are notified when system state changes
 - » Privileged access to extended APIs
- » Does not cover application signalling

WAFERs in action





Protecting privileged APIs



- » Privileged browsing contexts have additional properties and fewer restrictions:
 - » e.g. XMLHttpRequest same-origin checks are bypassed
 - » Windows may be resized without regard to the minimum dimensions
 - » Access to a set of API objects (one per-context, like the Navigator, Screen objects)
- » Built-in C code can add to the set of API objects, knowing that:
 - » only privileged browsing contexts can access these properties
 - » this provides a level of security to separate applications & untrusted content
 - » there is no need to perform any security checks when methods are invoked
- » Simple ...
 - » Easy to audit the permissions
 - » Easy to enforce the permissions
 - » No impact on performance
 - » OK when the service operator's system is closed
 - » ... too simplistic when applications are sourced from different providers

Drawbacks of current approach



- » All-or-nothing approach is inflexible
 - » Hard to grant restricted set of permissions to an unprivileged application
 - » Hard to grant restricted set of permissions to a privileged application, too!
 - » One rogue application can hijack the system
- » Privileged applications can break the security model deliberately ...
 - » e.g. Careful applications can store closures in the global objects of unprivileged contexts
- » ... but really should not.
 - » Careless applications can store the API objects, granting full access to those APIs!
- » Need a way to grant permissions in a controlled way to unprivileged applications

Key requirements for API security



- » Definition of permissions
 - » Must be easy to write, easy to audit, easy to verify
 - » Build on MHP/OCAP?
 - » Tamper-protection digital signatures (and who needs to sign and how much will it cost?)
- » Define the scope for a set of permissions
 - » a browsing context?
- » Checking permissions
 - » Must be fast to evaluate no expensive computation on each method invocation
- » Define mechanism for handling security violations
 - » Raise a DOM security exception?
 - » Terminate the application?
 - » Typically, prompting the user is not an option!



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