

Network impact of Web access to device APIs

W3C Workshop on Security for Access to Device APIs
from the Web

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Background

- ISOC is focused on continued operation of the global Internet
 - Taking a holistic approach to identify issues and opportunities
 - Many network growth issues and opportunities cross boundaries and cut into competing interests
- Our purposes are to:
 - Identify and help elaborate such cross-boundary network issues
 - Promote resolution through open dialogue and collaboration in appropriate fora
 - Promote and validate the open, collaborative Internet development model

Background

- Concerned with identifying forces pushing towards
 - islands of networking
 - emergence of multiple networked realities
- Looking to drive a modern understanding and consistent implementation of the end-to-end principle of the Internet
- We also aim to support development and deployment of key technologies for stable and secure Internet infrastructure

Interest areas

- These motivations and concerns lead us to an interest in the topic of this workshop in at least three areas:
 - Network impact
 - Open interfaces
 - Layering

Network impact

- What are potential impacts on network layer?
- What are potential side-effects on network usage?
- Web apps inherently more secure as potentially more regularly updated?
- Exposing device APIs to the web may increase potential for remote exploit
 - New generations of network worms and bots

Network impact

- New patterns of network usage
 - IP nets typically dimensioned based upon assumptions about end-host behaviour that are increasingly invalid
 - More M2M and background bulk transfers (P2P) create new pressures on operators
 - Is there potential for increasingly sophisticated web applications to drive disruptive patterns of network usage?

Open interfaces

- Open interfaces are the bedrock of the Internet's success
- Gross functionality of the network should not depend on use of proprietary equipment
- Open interfaces maximise the potential for innovative applications to emerge, thereby increasing the value of the network to all

Layering

- Internet != Web
- Minimise potential for undesirable interactions between layers
- Maximise potential to change properties of one layer without negatively impacting other layers

Some examples

- Strong(er) coupling between app layer and net layer is generally undesirable:
 - Optimising app performance by requiring network support
 - Sharing IP addresses across subscribers will require apps to know more about the net

Some (mobile specific) examples

- Does the amount of glue needed to provide a seamless user experience work to balkanize services by device/provider/etc?
- User expectations of consistent service and behaviour when roaming?
- Potentially a lot of middlebox interactions required
- Potential conflicts caused by fairly atomic widgets accessing hardware features on a handset (like geo-location data) without any kind of unified version of user preferences at the local level
- Lots of questions re: conflicts in policy, data portability, service mismatches while roaming, etc.
- And then there're the security and privacy concerns

Concluding remarks

- Need for a strong and consistent security model when allowing web apps access to device APIs is obvious
 - This workshop is valuable, thanks organisers!
- Please try to keep the concerns and principles raised here in mind when developing in this space
- Increasingly sophisticated web apps are enriching the Internet and exposing device APIs has potential to do the same
- Need to be vigilant against harming some fundamental properties that have brought us to where we are today

Thanks for your attention!