

# RESTful SOA and XML

## W3C Workshop on Data and Services Integration

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# Overview

- Examples of data and services integration challenges (at EMC)
  - Using many different management products collect information about data center entities to assess the state of that data center
    - And if the logical “data center” is, in fact, the cloud?...
  - Search over a variety of content repositories
    - Again, within a data center or in the cloud
  - ...
- The EMC CTO office is, in fact, working on developing that “coherent platform” for (both!) data and services integration
- My assertion – the following play a significant role:
  - REST over HTTP
  - XML

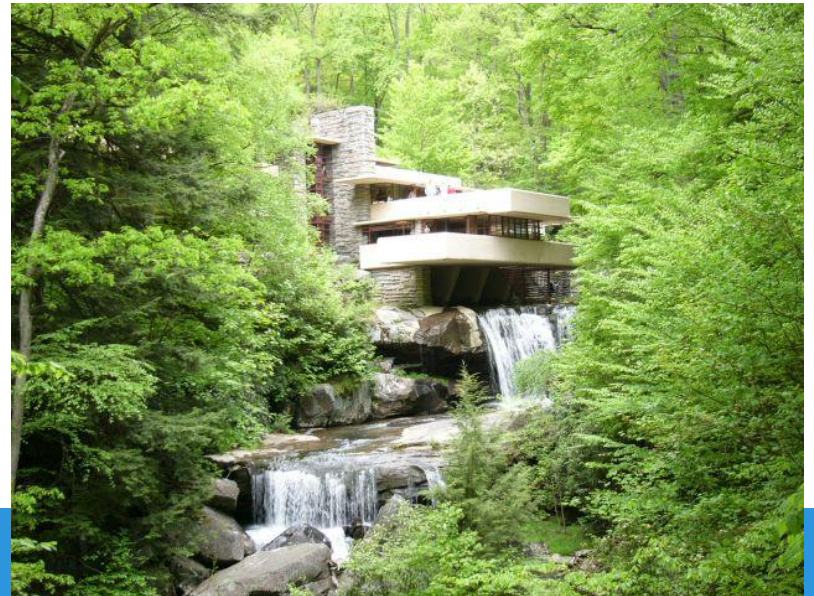
# Services Integration: REST with HTTP

## Why REST?

- In order to get some standardization and uptake, the principles need to be easy
- The environment is highly distributed and potentially very large
  - that is, **CLOUD**
- Product groups are all building RESTful interfaces
- Resource focus
  - With media-type handling
  - With hyperlinking
  - With caching

# REST Principles

- REST is an **architectural style** that depends upon:
- Identification and addressability of resources
  - All interesting bits of information are identified with URIs and are usually accessed via URL
- The uniform interface
  - Interaction with resources through a standardized set of operations, with well understood semantics
- Manipulation of resources through representations
  - Media types
- Hypermedia as the engine of application state
  - Hyperlink your resources



# And A Few More Details...

- We talk about:
  - The need for stable identifiers and accessors
    - In support of HATEOAS, caching)
  - The need for a mechanism for determining of resource state has changed – eTags
    - In support of caching
  - Not finding a resource is perfectly valid
    - In support of loose coupling
  - And more...



How we address these needs mustn't be “disconnected from the general Web usage”

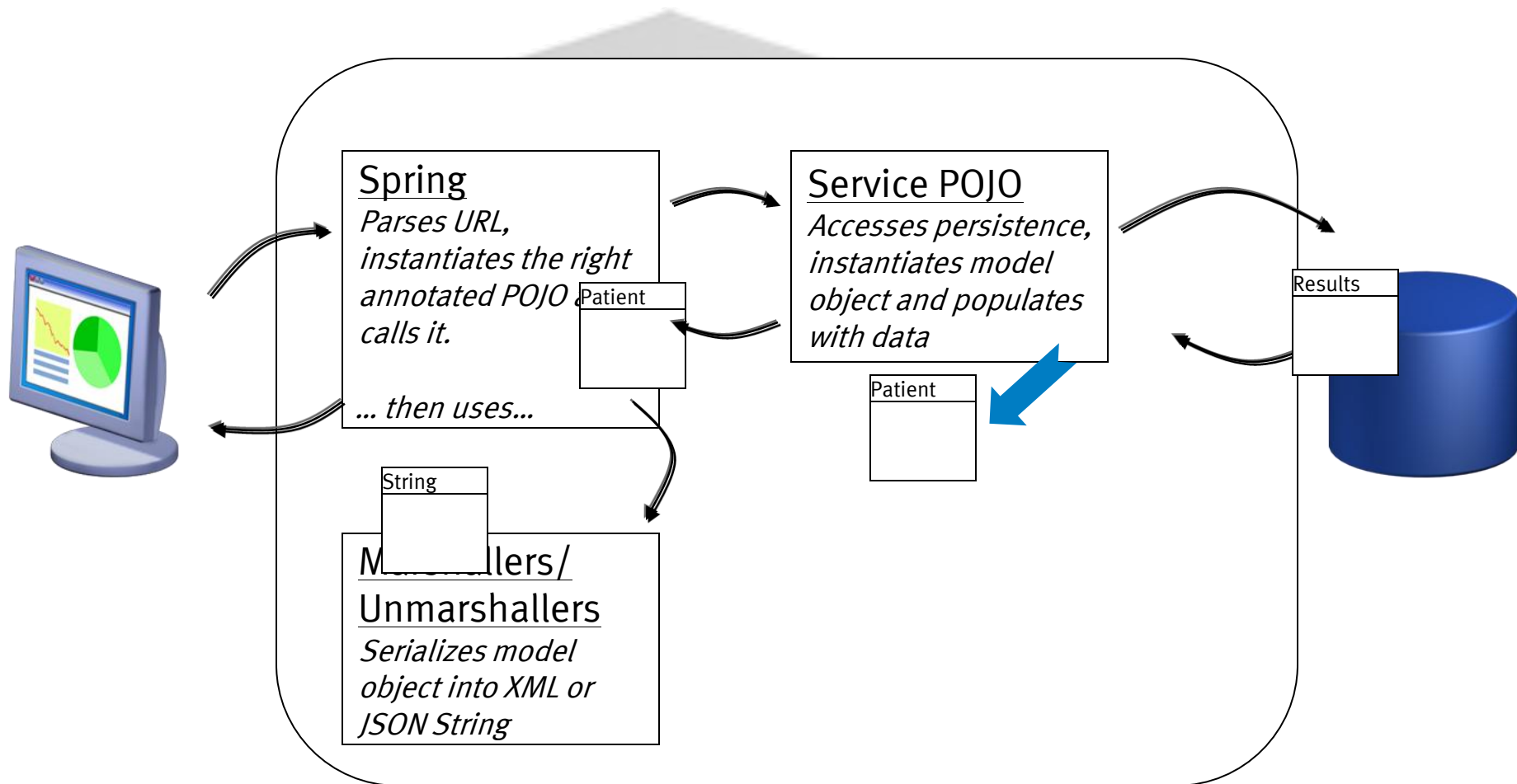
- That is, I want not only REST, but I want to use HTTP.

- The REST architectural style
- HTTP as the protocol

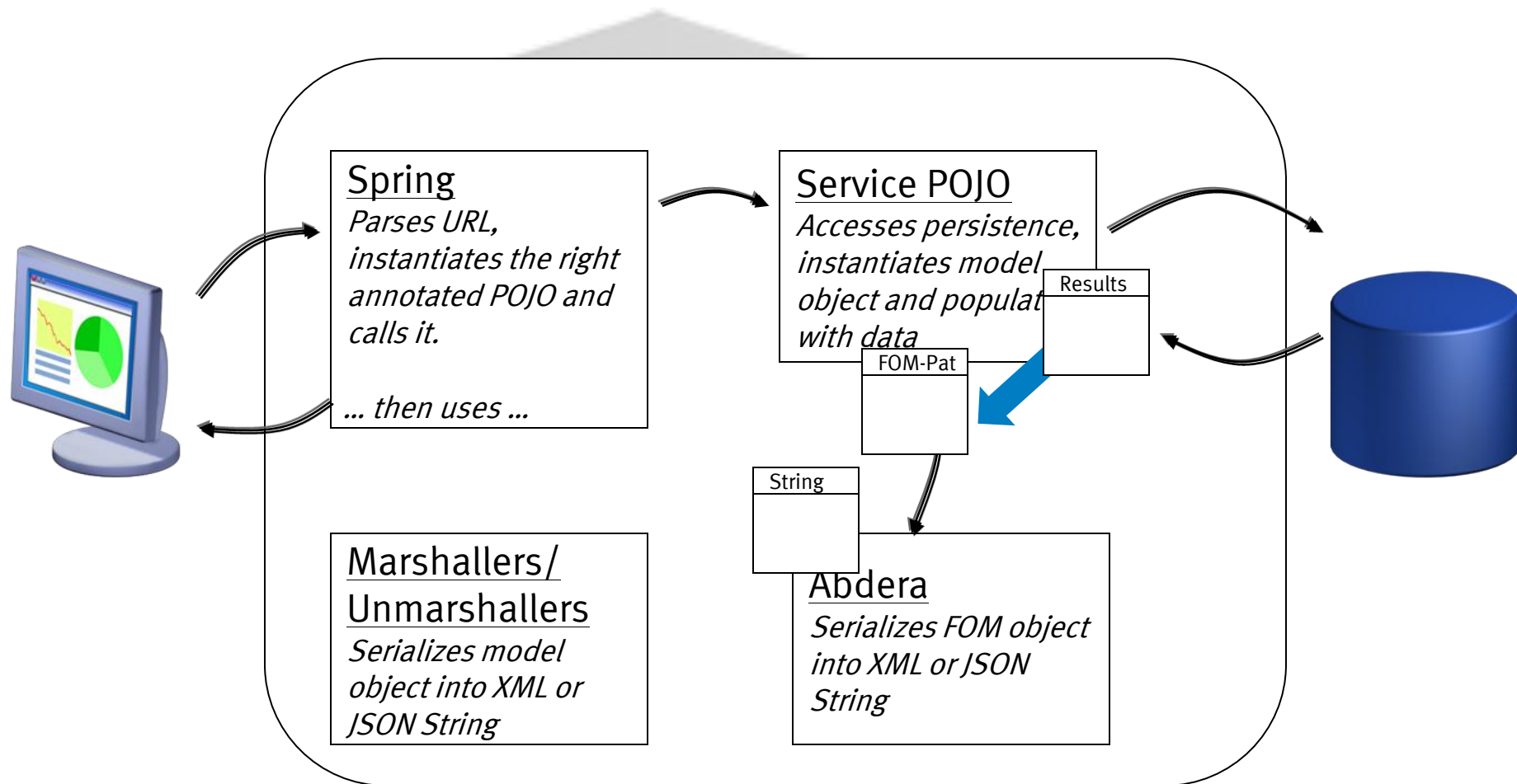
# How Well Do Existing REST Frameworks Do?

Feature	Java FWs (alone)	Comments
Named Resources	●	URI template support - <code>@RequestMapping("/patients/{pid}")</code>
Define Uniform Interface	●	<code>@RequestMapping</code> (method = RequestMethod.GET) (+ PUT, POST, DELETE, PATCH, etc.)
Handle media types	◐	Frameworks do allow bad practices; most don't fully support features like media type parameters
Link to other resources	○	nothing
Implementation		Generally happens with a bunch of java code.

# RESTful Service Written in Java

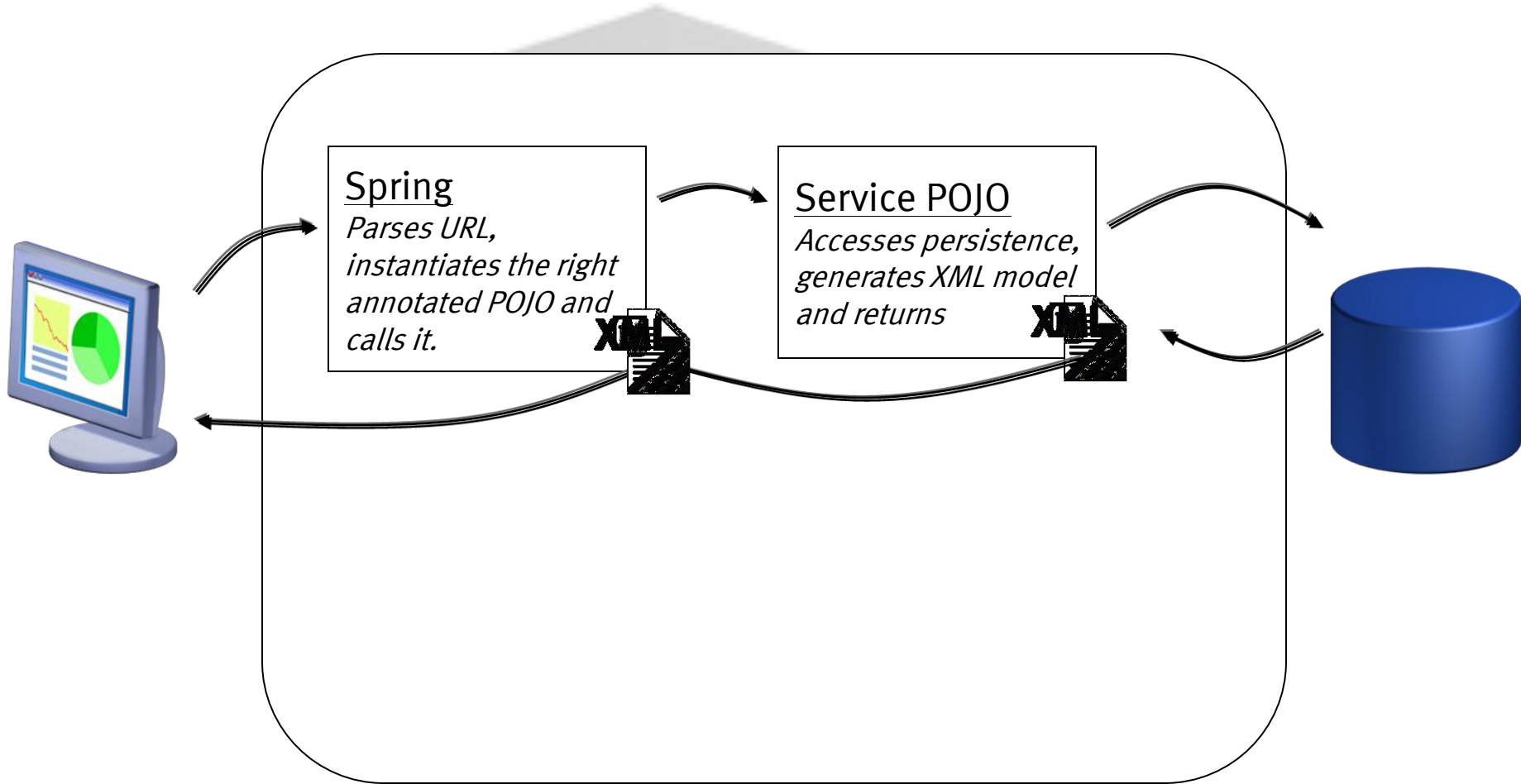


# ...now if we also want Atom representations





# RESTful Service – XML as the Dial Tone



# XML Technologies are Well Suited to...

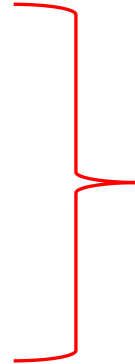
(And the “XML stack has become ubiquitous”)

- Transformations to media types
- Hyperlink insertion

```
...
<xsl:template match="p:Patient" mode="insertthere">
  <atom:link rel="self">
    <xsl:attribute name="href"><xsl:value-of select="$baseUrl" /></xsl:attribute>
  </atom:link>
  <atom:link rel="prescriptions">
    <xsl:attribute name="href"><xsl:value-of select="concat($baseUrl,'/activeprescrip
    </xsl:attribute>
  </atom:link>
  <atom:link rel="episodes">
    <xsl:attribute name="href"><xsl:value-of select="concat($baseUrl,'/careepisodes'
    </xsl:attribute>
  </atom:link>
  <atom:link rel="up">
    <xsl:attribute name="href">
      <xsl:value-of select="functx:substring-before-last($baseUrl,'/')" /></xsl:attrib
    </atom:link>
</xsl:template>
```

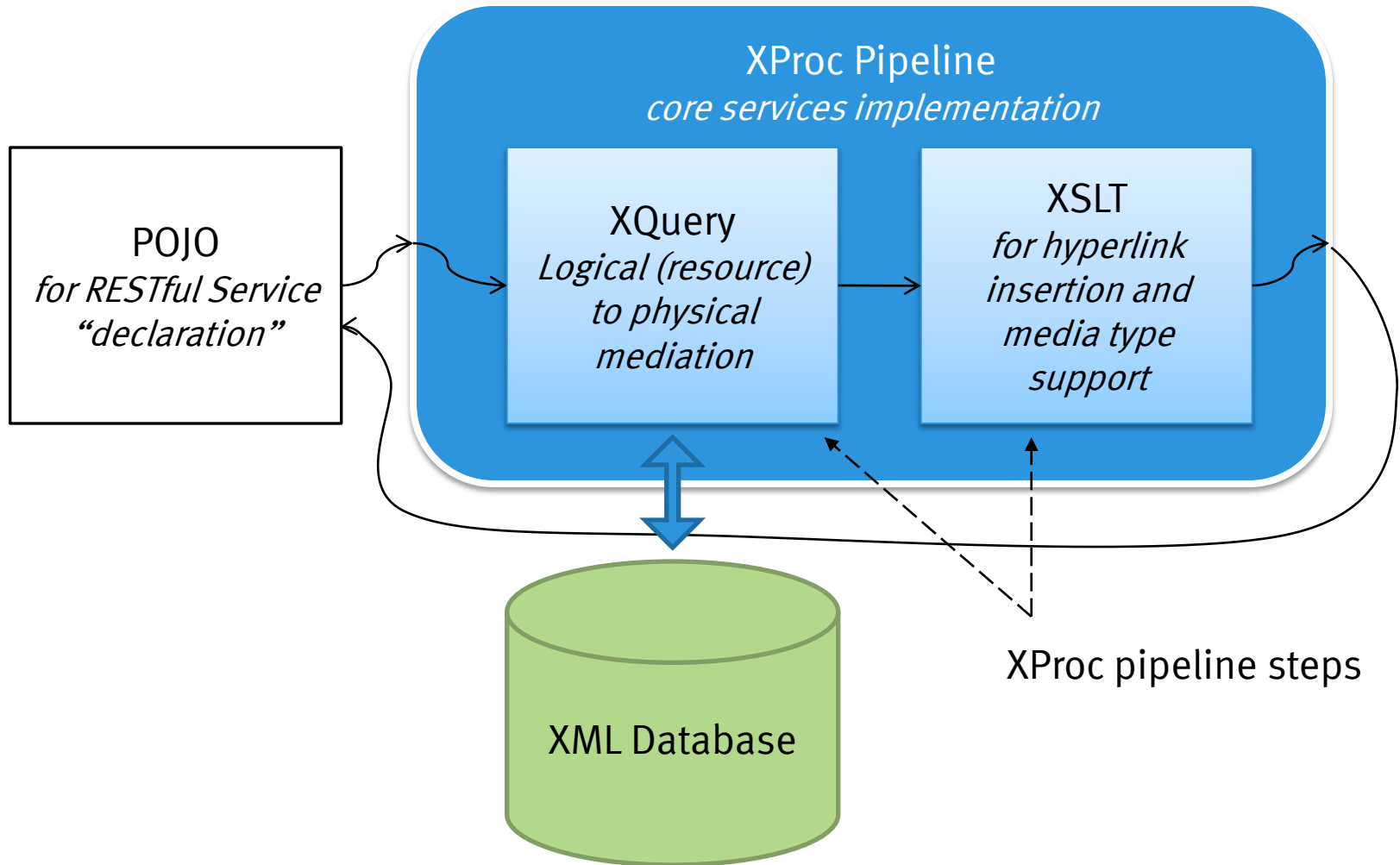
# ...But are Lacking In Some Things

- Naming
- Uniform interface
- HTTP “libraries”



**Things that the Java-based RESTful service frameworks are good at**

# XML-Centric Implementation



# “Declaring” Services

In the POJO:

Encapsulate operation pipeline and design time bindings

```
@Controller
@RequestMapping("/patients")
public class Patients {

    private static XMLProcessingContext m_getPatientsProcessing = null;
    private static XMLProcessingContext m_addPatientProcessing = null;

    public void setAddPatientProcessing (XMLProcessingContext val) {
        m_addPatientProcessing = val;
    }

    ...

    @RequestMapping(method = RequestMethod.POST)
    @ResponseStatus(HttpStatus.CREATED)
    public String addPatient(HttpServletRequest request,
                            HttpServletResponse response, Model model) {

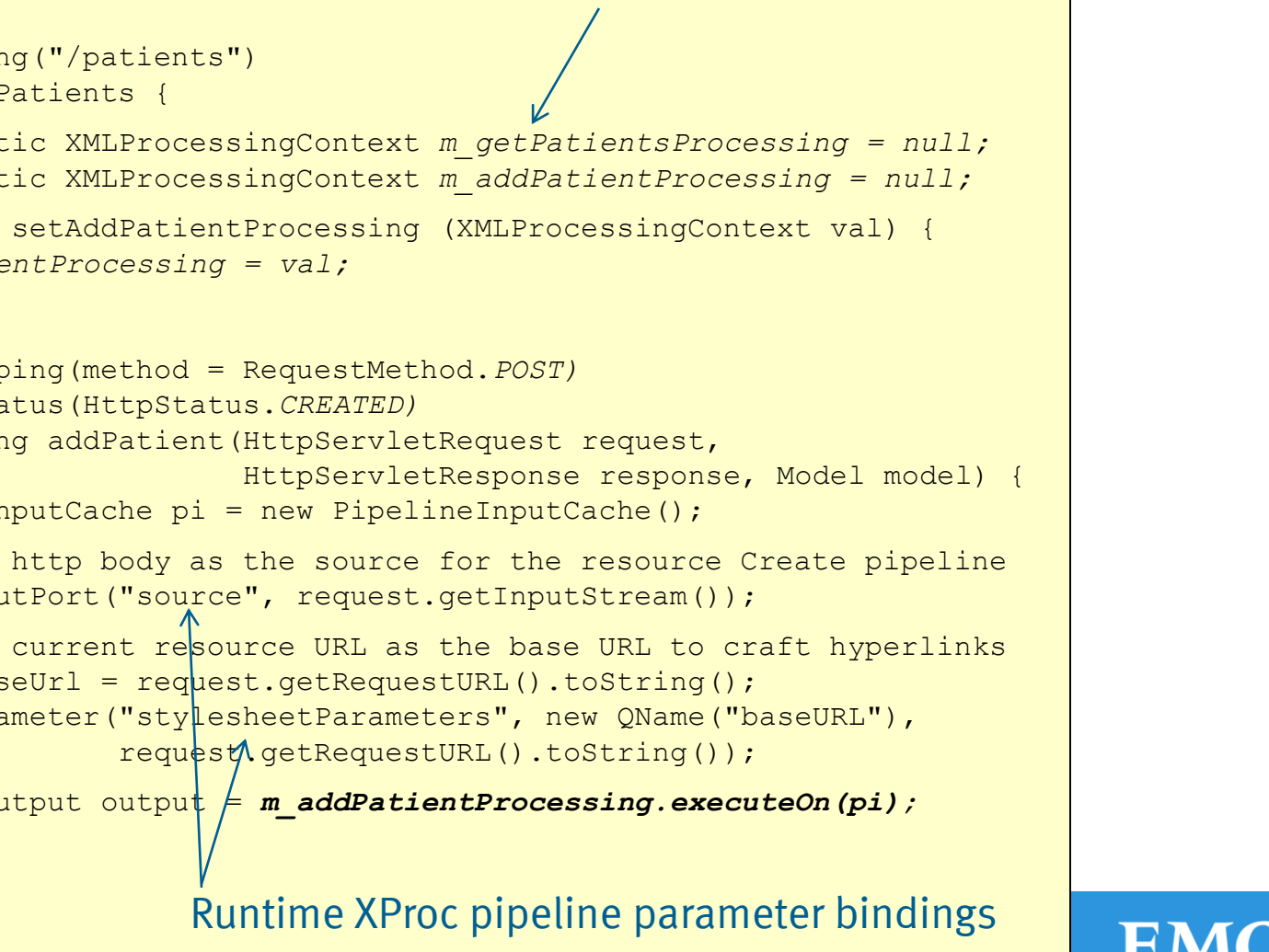
        PipelineInputCache pi = new PipelineInputCache();

        // supply http body as the source for the resource Create pipeline
        pi.setInputPort("source", request.getInputStream());

        // supply current resource URL as the base URL to craft hyperlinks
        String baseUrl = request.getRequestURL().toString();
        pi.addParameter("stylesheetParameters", new QName("baseUrl"),
                       request.getRequestURL().toString());

        PipelineOutput output = m_addPatientProcessing.executeOn(pi);

        ...
    }
}
```



The diagram consists of two blue arrows. One arrow points from the top right towards the `m_addPatientProcessing` field in the class definition. A second arrow points from the text 'Runtime XProc pipeline parameter bindings' at the bottom towards the `executeOn(pi)` call in the `addPatient` method.

Runtime XProc pipeline parameter bindings

# Binding Operations to XProc Pipelines

The Spring config:

One XML processing context per operation

```
<bean id="Patients" class="com.emc.cto.healthcare.Patients">
  <property name="getPatients" ref="getPatientsXMLProcessingContext" />
  <property name="addPatient" ref="addPatientXMLProcessingContext" />
  <property name="getPatient" ref="getPatientXMLProcessingContext" />
  <property name="replacePatient" ref="replacePatientXMLProcessingContext" />
  <property name="deletePatient" ref="deletePatientXMLProcessingContext" />
</bean>

<bean id="addPatientXMLProcessingContext" class="com.emc.cto.xproc.XProcXMLProcessingContext">
  <property name="xprocPool" ref="xprocPool" />
  <property name="pipelineSource"><value>classpath:resourceCreate.xpl</value></property>
  <property name="inputs">
    <map>
      <entry key="xqueryscript" value="classpath:addPatient.xq" />
      <entry key="stylesheet" value="classpath:hyperlinksPatient.xslt" />
    </map>
  </property>
  <property name="options">
    <map>
      <entry key="ref" value="idAssignmentXPath" value="pat:Patient/pat:pid" />
    </map>
  </property>
  <property name="parameters"><map/></property>
</bean>
```

Set design time parameters  
into the pipeline

Configure the operation with  
the XProc pipeline

# A Proposed Alternative

What if the developer could just write X-things?

```
<webservice>
  <resource uriTemplate="/patients">
    <operation operation="GET">
      <xProcImplementation source="classpath:resourceGet.xpl">
        <parameters>
          <xqueryscript type="file">classpath:getPatients.xq</xqueryscript>
          <hyperlinksSS type="file">classpath:hyperlinksForPatients.xslt</hyperlinksSS>
        </parameters>
      </xProcImplementation>
    </operation>
    <operation operation="GET" uriTemplate="/patients/{patientId}">
      <xProcImplementation source="classpath:resourceGet.xpl">
        <parameters>
          <xqueryscript type="file">classpath:getPatient.xq</xqueryscript>
          <hyperlinksSS type="file">classpath:hyperlinksForPatients.xslt</hyperlinksSS>
          <xqueryparameter type="uriTemplateParameter" variable="patientId"/>
        </parameters>
      </xProcImplementation>
    </operation>
    ...
  </resource>
  ...
</webservice>
```



# Epilogue

- Our work on the XML REST Framework is freely available:
  - Version 1, basic framework supporting xDB and XQuery:  
<https://community.emc.com/docs/DOC-6434>
  - Version 2, adds hyperlink insertion and XSLT application:  
<https://community.emc.com/docs/DOC-6485>
  - Version 3, moves to Spring MVC and includes XProc:  
<https://community.emc.com/docs/DOC-10494>
  - Includes:
    - Framework source code
    - Sample application
    - Documentation



- XML Technologies such as XProc and XSLT are suitable mashup building tools

- *(more to come on this topic later in the program)*



THANK YOU